



DECEMBER 2025

ODMAP OVERVIEW

THE PROBLEM¹

In June 2025, it was estimated that 82,138 people died of a drug-related overdose death, resulting in a 25.9% decrease from the previous same 12-month period.

Despite increased surveillance efforts throughout the epidemic, a gap in cross-jurisdictional, near real-time data collection and analysis methodology for fatal and non-fatal overdose events remained until the development of the Overdose Detection Mapping Application Program (ODMAP).

THE CONCEPT

ODMAP enables users to collect data on both suspected fatal and non-fatal overdoses, in near real-time, across jurisdictions to mobilize a cohesive, data-driven, collaborative overdose response in their communities. Overdose events are added to the National Map, allowing agencies to look at overdoses across the country that impacts their area of responsibility.

There are four required data points to submit a suspected overdose: 1) date/time of the incident, 2) location of the incident, 3) outcome (fatal/non-fatal), and, 4) whether or not naloxone was administered. Agencies are encouraged to enter additional information (ex. suspected drug).

ODMAP users can be granted access to a secure server to view the National Map, which features filtering tools for analytical purposes. Additionally, users can elect to receive email notifications when an overdose spike, defined specifically for each county, occurs within a 24-hour period.

For more information, [watch our overview video](#).

CURRENT ENGAGEMENT

In December 2025, approximately **5,578** agencies in all 50 states, including the District of Columbia and Puerto Rico, are utilizing the system, and **3,330,758** million suspected overdoses have been entered.

Due to the success of the program, ODMAP has a community of over **37,845** users. ODMAP has evolved significantly, with **37** statewide strategies across the country, including **28** active statewide application programming interfaces (APIs) pushing real-time data.

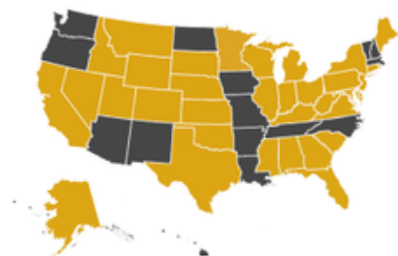
¹Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. Provisional Drug Overdose Data. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. Retrieved from <https://www.cdc.gov/nchs/nvss/vsrr/drug-overdose-data.htm>.

ODMAP HIGHLIGHTS

New Statewide Legislation

In 2024, Nebraska signed [LB1355](#) into law, requiring the state to push data directly to ODMAP. The API will be launch in mid-2025. In 2025, the Illinois House and Senate unanimously passed [HB3645](#), an ODMAP expansion bill that will now push data from the entire state to ODMAP.

Learn more about our [37 statewide strategies](#) (in yellow below) [here](#).



Tribal Nations Layer

In 2025, the ODMAP team launched the Tribal Nations Layer. This feature allows users to filter data by reservation and also layer reservation boundaries directly on ODMAP.

Spotlight Series

In 2024, ODMAP created six new Spotlights as part of the Spotlight Series. The series highlights how agencies implement ODMAP, how ODMAP is helpful to their organization, and helpful to the community. You can find previous Spotlight Series examples [here](#) on the ODMAP website.



The ODMAP team is actively working on producing additional Spotlights and connecting with new agencies to spotlight in 2025.

To participate in the 2025 ODMAP Spotlight Series, fill out the brief [survey](#).

The ODMAP team values your feedback and will be used to improve the ODMAP platform. Complete the [ODMAP Satisfaction Survey](#).



If your agency is interested in joining ODMAP, use the QR code below to connect with the agency access request form or click [here](#).